## Scaling up and scaling down

## Key learning

Solve problems involving changing quantities for groups of different size. For example, scale down to decrease quantities in a recipe designed to feed six people. Use multiplication and division to solve problems.

## Check that your child can:

- scale numbers up or down to solve problems;
- use multiplication and division to solve problems.


## Peanut butter biscuits

175 g butter
50 g peanut butter
100 g caster sugar
100 g soft brown sugar


1 egg
150 g flour
1/4 tsp salt

## Notes for parents/carers

At home you can find practical opportunities for your child to practise scaling numbers up and down to solve problems. The kitchen is a good place to start. Look at recipes for meals, or for mixing soft drinks or sauces. Model-making also involves scaling of measurement, as do interpreting maps and making or using scale drawings.

## Activities

Look at the recipe for peanut butter biscuits. The recipe gives the quantities to make 36 biscuits. Discuss with your child how you could change the amounts so that the recipe could make 72 biscuits. What about 18 biscuits?

Try scaling up and down some other recipes. For example, if the recipe below is for six people, how would you make a pudding for three? What about for twelve or nine people?

## Apple pudding

- 450 g cooking apples
- 75 g soft brown sugar
- 1 egg
- grated rind of 1 lemon
- 80 g self-raising flour
- 90 g caster sugar
- 75 g butter
- 120 ml milk


## 'Let's talk about maths'



## ICT links

Use the Internet to find other recipes to practise scaling up or down.

## Solving problems...

Have a go at questions like these together:

- You earn one voucher for every three visits to the sports centre. How many visits must you make to get five vouchers?
- Katie uses ten tomatoes for every $1 / 2$ litre of sauce. How many tomatoes does she need for one litre of sauce? How much sauce can she make from 30 tomatoes?
- There are 25 ml of juice concentrate in every 100 ml of a juice drink. How much concentrate is needed to make $1 / 2$ litre of juice drink?
- Chicken must be cooked for 50 minutes for every kilogram. How long does it take to cook a 3 kg chicken?
- The supermarket sells a 500 ml bottle of squash for 69 p and a 1.5 litre bottle for $£ 1.99$. Which is better value for money? How do you decide?


