	Years 1 and 2							
	Year 1			Year 2				
	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Spring	Summer		
English	Year 1	Year 1	Year 1	Year 2	Year 2	Year 2		
English		Spring			Spring			
	Use pictures and captions to find information.	Use alliteration.	Create an Acrostic poem.	Recognise and can create words and simple phrases using alliteration.	Begin to write in a formal style. Include headings, numbers, bullet points	Describe the appearance, actions and feelings of characters.		
	Identify word patterns. Recite some poems by heart.				and diagrams. Write a simple single verse poem using repeating patterns and rhyming words.	Use heading, sub-heading and introductory sentences. Use other sources of simple information.		
					Use simile in poetry.	Recognise and use the features of a Calligram.		

					Use alliteration to create a short rhyme.	Generate and use increasingly adventurous words and phrases.	
	Year 3			Year 4			
	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Spring	Summer	
English	Year 3	Year 3	Year 3	Year 4	Year 4	Year 4	
English		Year 3Make basic predictions.Read further exemption words.Recognise increasing range of prefixes.Talk about the way in which different non-fiction books are structured.Summarise information from fiction and non-fiction texts.Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.Spell words containing 'ei', 'eigh' & '-ey'.Spell most homophones correctly.Use a thesaurus effectively.Use the prefix inBegin to use inverted commas to demarcate direct speech accurately.Use fronted adverbials.Use commas after fronted adverbials.Use adverbial starters to open/link paragraphs.Write a range of sentences with a main clauseWrite in the third person.Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters consistently.Use examples of similar writing and suggest improvements.Use examples of similar writing when planning own writing.Describe the appearance, and actions of characters.Use past tense for stories accurately.Make effective notes.Record important key words and phrases using a range of sources of information to support my work.Recognise an increasing range of poetry. Prepare poems and play scripts to read		Year 4Respond to the answers, arguments and opinions of others.Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to understand meaning.Recognise most prefixes.Read further exemption words.Identify the themes and conventions used in a wide range of books.Identify main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarise accurately.Ask a range of questions to improve understanding of the text.Use an increasing range of prefixes.Recognise that where a word ends with a consonant immediately after a vowel and the suffix starts with a vowel. The final consonant must be doubled first.Use the first three or four letters of a word to check the spelling and meaning of words in a dictionary.Recognise word families based on common words, showing how words are related in both form and meaning.Use an apostrophe to show possession.Use conjunctions to link ideas.Use complex prepositions.Use perfect verb form for time and cause, Write in the past tense.Write simple and compound sentences using a wider range of conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions.Write clearly, neatly and joined.Discuss and adapt examples of similar writing when planning writing.Compose and rehearse sentences. Use past tense for writing speech.Include a dilemma that needs to be resolved in the story.Begin to generalise when expressing point	. 2		
		aloud and perform.		of view. Include an introduction and a summary.	Use detail and images observed to bring poetry to life.	Explore unusual language effects such as onomatopoeia and metaphor to create	
				Use an index to support work.	Recognise and use the features of a Tanka poem.	impact, mood and emotion.	
				Invent nonsense words and imaginary places to use in poetry.		Recognise and create a Cinquain poem	

				Use similes to help build up vivid images to include in nonsense poems, rhymes and riddles.		
		Year 5			Year 6	
	Autumn	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Spring	Summer
English	Year 5	Year 5	Year 5	Year 6	Year 6	<u>Year 6</u>
English		Year 5Apply knowledge of morphology and etymology to read new and unfamiliar words, focusing on the meaning and pronunciation of the word.Check that the book makes sense, discuss understanding and explain the meaning. Draw detailed inferences of characters' feelings, thoughts and motives for their actions and justify with detailed evidence. Identify how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning. Rules for spelling words ending 'ous'.Add 'able' to words ending in 'ce' and 'ge'.Spell words ending with 'ant' & 'ance/ancy'.Spell words containing 'sc'.Use ellipses to good effect.Use brackets within sentences to group and order associated information. Use an increasing range of subordinating conjunctions.Use comparatives to compare a noun with another item.Recognise standard English forms for verb inflections instead of local spoken forms.Use relative clauses.Ensure that handwriting is consistent & fluent. Adapt handwriting for different purposes. Use a range of other or similar writing as a model for writing.Proof-read for consistent and correct use of the language of speech. Use shifts in time and place to help shape the story and guide the reader.Include action and dialogue.	Year 5Participate in a range of discussions, presentations, performances and debates. Recognise word families based on common words, showing how words are related.Distinguish between fact and opinion. Identify and discuss themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing.Ask questions in order to improve understanding. Provide reasoned justifications with relevant textual reference. Spell a range of complex homophones.Spell words containing 'ough'.Spell words with silent letters.Spell words that are often misspelt.Use a comma before/after direct speech.Use a colon to introduce a list. Use brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis. Use modal verbs in sentences.Indicate degrees of possibility using adverbs. Use expanded descriptions. Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs. Link ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time.Use relative clauses to modify a noun.Adapt handwriting for different purposes. Generate a range of grammar and vocabulary to select from in order to change, create impact and enhance meaning. Proof-read for consistent and correct tense.Make notes and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research. Use paragraphs to link sections of the story, time, scene event,	Year 6Gain, maintain and monitor the interest of the listener.Gain an understanding of new vocabulary by making connections with known vocabulary.Retrieve record and present information in a range of different ways.Draw detailed inferences of characters' feelings, thoughts and motives for their actions and justify with detailed evidence.Take part in discussions about books, building on own and others' idea.Spell words ending in 'tion', 'sion', 'ssion', 'cian'.Spell words ending in 'gue' and '-que'.Punctuate bullet points consistently.Use brackets, dashes or commas, to group and order associated information.Use a range of time conjunctions to summarise, and time adverbials to develop cohesion within and across paragraphs.Use correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural.Edit and reorder sentences to create greater impact or effect.Write consistently using the correct tense. Use a range of sentence structures, expanded phrases and clauses.Build cohesion within a paragraph.Ensure that handwriting is fluent with words and letters appropriately placed. Make notes and develop initial ideas in detail.Draw on reading / research to support plans.Precise longer passages effectively. Check for correct subject and verb		
	Ensure that the opening, development and conclusion are clearly related and varied. Ensure that the story conclusion makes	Exemplify points of view with clearly referenced factual evidence. Ensure that the main ideas in writing are supported by relevant argument or detail.	mood/atmosphere. Use character and setting to create mood. Support work with statistical information	agreement when using singular and plural. Write dialogue, action and descriptions that are detailed, varied and clear. Ensure that events re developed in the	Use different styles of handwriting for different purposes. Use a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs.	Proof read and where appropriate change, use of vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to create greater impact. Utilise a wide range of strategies when
	reference to the scene set at the beginning. Ensure that each section or paragraph is clearly marked.	Use a range of expressive and descriptive language to evoke emotion. Recognise and can create a Haiku poem.	presented in a range of formats. Reedit and reword to make it more precise. Use metaphor and personification. Prepare poems and plays to read aloud & perform, making effective use of intonation, tone & volume.	paragraphs around a main introductory sentence. Include reflective comments in conclusion and summaries. Report on an issue from a range of different views, supported by factual information	Use a wide range of organisational and presentational devices to structure text. Proof-read the work of others providing suggestions for improvement.	Utilise a Wide range of strategies when proof-reading. Manipulate the setting and pace to reflect the mood of the piece.

Ensure that writing is factual and		and detail.	Make increasing use of sub-plots,	Use a wide range of literacy features
contains a well-structured introduction,		Adapt the phrases used to portray a range	detours, dilemmas and resolutions.	effectively, personification, rhetorical
conclusion/summary.		of emotions.		questions, metaphor etc.
		Use similes, metaphor and personification	Begin to interweave dialogue; action and	
Write poems using complex repeating		to create strong images.	description effectively.	Ensure that characters are well developed
patterns.			Use a range of elements of dialogue, action	and direct and reported speech is used to
Use complex similes and metaphor to create			and description to good effect.	move the story forward.
mood and impact				
			Ensure that information is well-structured	Provide factual information and statistical
			and convincing with good coverage of the	information to support predictions and
			main points or issues.	hypothesis.
			Order the sections writing to ensure they	Ensure that writing is well- structured and
			are well- linked and that the coverage of	convincing, with a range of information
			information is balanced.	covered in detail, in a range of different
			Use an increasing range of language	ways.
			features to vary the pace, create impact,	Use personification to create strong
			tension, and mood and to evoke emotion.	emotional responses.
			Use imaginative language to create surreal,	
			surprising, amusing and inventive poetry.	Use effectively a wide range of language
				features to create impact, tension, and mood,
				and evoke emotion.